SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification

Product name Acetic Acid
Chemical name Acetic acid.

Other means of Acetic Acid Chemically Pure

identification

Acetic acid. Ethanoic acid; Ethylic acid; Methanecarboxylic acid; Eisessig; Acetic acid,

glacial

SDS # 0000001037

Historic SDS #: 11001(BP), 0000000794, 5130

Code 0000001037

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Industrial applications

For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our

company representative.

Supplier INEOS US Chemicals Company

4201 Winfield Rd, Suite 550 Warrenville, Illinois 60555-4025

USA

EMERGENCY SPILL +1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)

INFORMATION: +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC outside the US)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Substance or mixture SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Do not breathe vapor or spray. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face

protection. Wear protective clothing.

Response F ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Supplemental label

Not applicable.

elements

Hazards not otherwise

classified

Corrosive to respiratory tract

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Substance

| Ingredient name | CAS number | % |
|-----------------|------------|------|
| Acetic acid. | 64-19-7 | 99.9 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must

be treated promptly by a physician.

Skin contact Get medical attention immediately. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty

of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.

Drench contaminated clothing with water before removing. This is necessary to avoid the

risk of sparks from static electricity that could ignite contaminated clothing.

Contaminated clothing is a fire hazard. Contaminated leather, particularly footwear, must be discarded. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Chemical burns must be treated

promptly by a physician.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory

arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical

attention immediately.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). If affected person is conscious, give plenty of water to

drink.

Protection of first-aidersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Use dry chemical, CO_2 , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing

the burning product.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Vapors can form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors are heavier than air and can spread along the ground or float on water surfaces to remote ignition sources. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a

considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products

Combustion products may include the following:

carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

DO NOT FIGHT FIRE WHEN IT REACHES MATERIAL. Withdraw from area and allow the fire to burn. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Immediately contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Eliminate all ignition sources.

For emergency responders

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapor, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. The method and equipment used must be in conformance with appropriate regulations and industry practice on explosive atmospheres.

Large spill

Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Dike spill area and do not allow product to reach sewage system and surface or ground water. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. The method and equipment used must be in conformance with appropriate regulations and industry practice on explosive atmospheres. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/ containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Protect from freezing.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|---|
| Kcetic acid. | ACGIH TLV (United States). STEL: 37 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 9/1994 STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 9/1994 TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 9/1994 TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 9/1994 OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993 TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993 |

While specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapor or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Appropriate engineering controls

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection

Chemical splash goggles.

Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Butyl rubber gloves.

Do not re-use gloves. Protective gloves must give suitable protection against mechanical risks (i.e. abrasion, blade cut and puncture). Protective gloves will deteriorate over time due to physical and chemical damage. Inspect and replace gloves on a regular basis. The frequency of replacement will depend upon the circumstances of use.

Body protection

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Footwear highly resistant to chemicals.

When there is a risk of ignition wear inherently fire resistant protective clothes and gloves.

When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For greatest effectiveness against static electricity, overalls, boots and gloves should all be anti-static

When the risk of skin exposure is high (from experience this could apply to the following tasks: cleaning work, maintenance and service, filling and transfer, taking samples and cleaning up spillages) then a chemical protective suit and boots will be required. Work clothing / overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. Laundering of contaminated work clothing should only be done by professional cleaners who have been told about the hazards of the contamination. Always keep contaminated work clothing away from uncontaminated work clothing and uncontaminated personal clothes. **Recommended**:

Hard hat.

Chemical resistant boots. Chemical resistant apron

Full chemical protective suit with a hood.

Chemical protective suit consisting of a jacket and trousers. The jacket should be buttoned up to the neck, sleeves sealed at the gloves, and trouser legs worn outside the boots. These precautions are required to prevent the clothing from accidentally trapping product against the skin.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapor or mist. If ventilation is inadequate, use NIOSH-certified respirator which will protect against organic vapor. If operating conditions cause high vapor concentrations or the TLV is exceeded, use supplied-air respirator.

If there is a requirement for the use of a respiratory protective device, but the use of breathing apparatus (independent of ambient atmosphere) is not required, then a suitable filtering device must be worn.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Color Clear Colorless.

Odor Vinegar Pungent. [Strong]

Odor threshold 0.48 ppm

pH 2.4 [Conc. (% w/w): 6.006%]

Melting point May start to solidify at the following temperature: 16.64°C (62°F)

Boiling point 116.8 to 118.8°C (242.2 to 245.8°F)

Flash point Closed cup: 39°C (102.2°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Evaporation rate 0.97

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Based on - Physical state

Lower and upper explosive Lower: 4% (flammable) limits Upper: 19.9%

Vapor pressure 2.1 kPa (15.635 mm Hg) [25°C (77°F)]

Vapor density 2.1 [Air = 1]

Density 1044.6 kg/m³ (1.045 g/cm³) at 25°C

Relative density 1.07

Solubility Miscible in water. (100%)

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

-0.17

Auto-ignition temperature 463°C (865.4°F)

Decomposition temperature 460 to 595°C (860 to 1103°F)

Viscosity Kinematic: 1.011 mm²/s (1.011 cSt) at 25°C

Remarks Boiling point typical value: 117.4 °C to 117.9 °C (243.3 °F to 244.2 °F)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and

Incompatible materials for additional information.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. This product should be stored away from

oxidizing materials and strong bases.

Incompatible materials Reactive with metals, oxidizing materials, reducing agents, alkalis and alcohols

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects **Acute toxicity Product/ingredient** Test **Species** Result **Remarks Exposure** name Acetic acid. LC50 Inhalation 5620 ppm Mouse 1 hours Vapor LC50 Inhalation Rat >16000 ppm 4 hours Vapor LD50 Oral Mouse 4960 mg/kg Based on sodium acetate LD50 Oral Rat 3530 mg/kg Based on LD50 Oral Rat 3310 mg/kg sodium acetate **RD50 Inhalation** Mouse - Male 277 ppm 1 hours Vapor **Conclusion/Summary** Not available. Irritation/Corrosion **Product/ingredient Species** Result **Score Exposure** Observation Conc. Remarks name Acetic acid. Rabbit Skin -4 hours 3.3 72 hours 3.3 % Slightly irritating to the skin. Rabbit 4 hours 10 10 % Skin -72 hours Slightly % irritating to the skin. 4 hours 0.1 Rabbit Eyes -72 hours 0.1 ml, 10 Irritant ml, 10 % % Rabbit Eyes -0.01 ml, 10 0.01 ml. Severe 10 % irritant Rabbit Eyes -3 minutes 7 days 0.1 ml, 5 Cornea 0.1 ml, 5 % opacity **Mutagenicity** Product/ingredient name **Experiment** Remarks **Test** Result Acetic acid. **OECD 476** Experiment: In vitro Negative Based on Acetic anhydride Subject: Mammal species unspecified **OECD 473** Experiment: In vitro Negative Subject: Mammal species unspecified **OECD 471** Experiment: In vitro Negative Subject: Nonmammalian species **OECD 474** Experiment: In vivo Based on Acetic Negative anhydride Subject: Unspecified

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Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity

Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Development toxin | Species | Result | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------|--------|----------|
| Acetic acid. | - | - | Negative | Rabbit | Oral | 13 days |
| | - | - | Negative | Rat | Oral | 10 days |
| | - | - | Negative | Mouse | Oral | 10 days |

Conclusion/Summary Development: Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met. Assessment was by using a weight of evidence approach.

Fertility: Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment was by using a weight of evidence approach.

Effects on or via lactation: Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Assessment was by using a weight of evidence approach.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Inhalation May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system.

Ingestion Causes burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|------------|
| Oral | 3530 mg/kg |

Other information

Acetic Acid: Humans unacclimatized to acetic acid vapors experience extreme eye and nasal irritation at concentrations above 25 ppm. Air concentrations of 50 ppm are considered intolerable, causing intense lacrymation (eye weeping), nose, and throat irritation. Repeated exposures to high concentrations in man can cause eye conjunctival lesions, blackening of the hands, hyperkeratosis (thickening) of the skin, teeth erosion, congestion and edema of the pharynx, bronchial constriction, and respiratory tract irritation.

Section 12. Ecological information

| <u>Toxicity</u> | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|---|----------|---------------|----------------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Species | Test/Result | Exposure | Effects | Remarks |
| Acetic acid. | Algae | Acute EC50 >300.82 mg/l Nominal Marine water | 72 hours | (growth rate) | Based on Acetate ion |
| | Daphnia | Acute EC50 >300.82 mg/l Nominal Fresh water | 48 hours | Mobility | Based on Acetate ion |
| | Fish | Acute LC50 >300.82 mg/l Nominal Fresh water | 96 hours | Mortality | Based on Acetate ion |
| | Algae | Acute NOEC 300.82 mg/l Nominal Marine water | 72 hours | (growth rate) | Based on Acetate ion |
| | Micro-organism | Acute NOEC 850 mg/l Nominal Fresh water | 16 hours | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Not classified as dangerous.

Persistence and degradability

Readily biodegradable

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Remarks |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Acetic acid. | not guideline | 96 % - Readily - 20 days | - |
| | not guideline | 50 % - 26.7 days | Phototransformation in Air |
| | not guideline | 50 % - 2 days | Biodegradation in Soil |
| Conclusion/Summary | Not available. | | |

Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Mobility

This product may move with surface or groundwater flows because its water solubility is: 100% Miscible in water.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG | IATA |
|-------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| UN number | UN2789 | UN2789 | UN2789 | UN2789 |
| UN proper shipping name | ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL RQ | ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL | ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL | ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) |
| Packing group | II | II | II | II |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Reportable quantity 5000 lbs / 2270 kg [574.07 gal / 2173.1 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity | Emergency schedules F-E, S-C | Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 851. Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: |

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Section 14. Transport information

transportation **Index** 0.5 0.5 L. Packaging requirements. instructions: Y840. ERAP Index 3000 Limited quantity Yes. Passenger Carrying <u>Packaging</u> Road or Rail Index 1 instruction Exceptions: 154. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 243. **Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 30 L. Special provisions A3, A6, A7, A10, B2, IB2, T7, TP2 Remarks RQ Acetic acid.

Special precautions for user Not available.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name Acetic acid.

Ship type 3
Pollution category Z

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting

This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated

thresholds.

Supplier notification This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated

thresholds.

State regulations

requirements

Massachusetts The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID; ACETIC ACID GLACIAL

New Jersey The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID; ETHANOIC ACID

Pennsylvania The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID; ACETIC ACID, WATER

SOLUTIONS

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

Other regulations

Australia inventory (AICS)

Canada inventory

China inventory (IECSC)

Japan inventory (ENCS)

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

(TCSI)

REACH Status

All components are listed or exempted.

The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with

the current requirements of REACH.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



History

Date of issue/Date of

revision

Date of previous issue

Prepared by

Key to abbreviations

05/27/2021.

11/11/2019.

Product Stewardship

ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit

SDS = Safety Data Sheet STEL = Short term exposure limit TWA = Time weighted average

UN = United Nations

UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United

Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0,

64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from us.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. We shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.

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